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COURT



Dedicated to Our Mother Foundress

Rev. Mother St. Ignatius
(Claudine Thevenet)



Claudine Thevenet, Mother Mary St. Ignatius was born at Lyons, France in 1774. She lived and worked in Lyons and died there in 1837. She was affectionately called "Glady".

With the outbreak of the French Revolution, Claudine witnessed the execution of her two brothers, whose last words she took to heart.

"Forgive, Glady, as we forgive!"

This event was the turning point in her life. She dedicated her life to the care of the orphans and young girls teaching them to earn their livelihood.

This humble beginning gave birth to the Congregation of Jesus & Mary, which has grown into a mighty tree whose branches are to be found in every continent.

Claudine's last words are echoed by her daughters everywhere :

"How Good God Is!"

THE SCHOOL TEAM



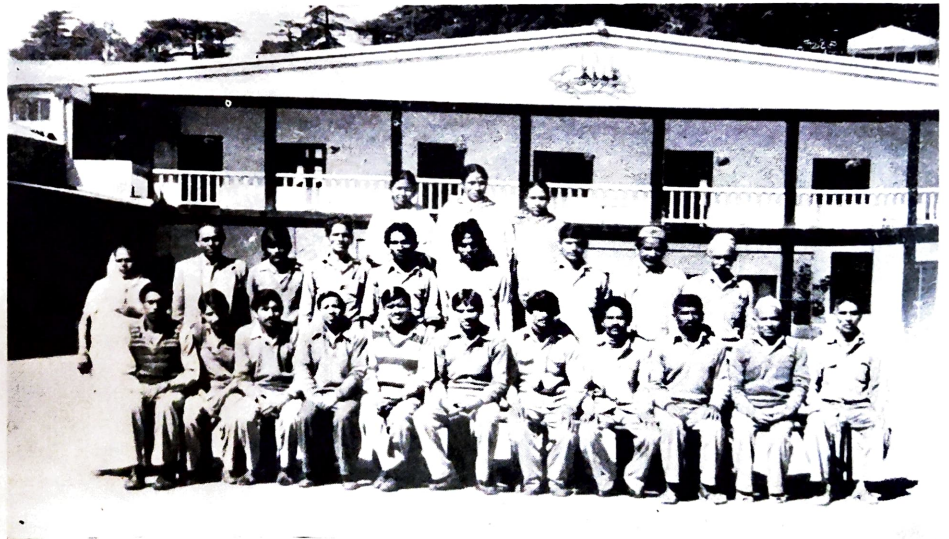
Our Teaching Staff



- 1st row (Top L to R)* : Mr. A. Abrar; Miss C. Amaral; Miss M. Vaz; Miss A. Sandhu; Mrs. A. Dilawar; Miss V. Gaikwad; Miss T. Gomes; Miss A. Datta and Miss R. Joseph.
- 2nd row (Middle L to R)* : Mr. P. Kapur; Miss A. Pinheiro; Mrs. S. Srivastava; Miss T. Guerra; Miss L. Edmonds; Mr. H. Gordon; Miss S. Bailey; Miss T. Dolma; Mrs. N. Sethi; Miss P. Mukherjee.
- 3rd row (Seated)* : Sr. Charles; Sr. Ida; Sr. Beatrice; Sr. Florence; Mr. D. R. Kapur.



Our Boarding Staff



Our School Helpers

MY INDIA

India is my country. It is 7th largest country in the world. In the past, India was celebrated for its rich heritage, prosperity, riches and glory. The country was called the "Golden Bird" as it was very rich. India, in the past could be compared to a powerful eagle flying high up in the heavens touching the zenith of glory and prosperity. India has always been the meeting point of many cultures. 5000 years ago a highly developed civilization called the "Indus Valley Civilization", flourished in India.

Owing to India's wealth, it attracted many greedy foreigners. Thus we see the invasions of Aryans, who settled here in India—Alexander, who conquered many Indian territories, then the Huns, Sakas, Kushans, Arabians, Muslims, who settled in India and finally the British who ruled India for over 200 years and drained its wealth out. Thus they made India—the previously prosperous eagle, now into an eagle with chained pinions (wings) just able to grovel on the ground and miserable and poor, unable to pursue its original flight.

During the rule of the British there rose an awakening in the Indians—thus came up the fire of revolution against the British rule. Thus this period is marked by the birth of many freedom fighters. The first war of Independence came up in 1857, but it was suppressed. Since then the struggle commenced. Some great freedom fighters like Gandhiji, Nehruji, Netaji, Sardar Patel etc. were striving for freedom.

Finally the British rule ended and we got freedom. We had our own government and our own constitution. India started to progress rapidly. But even now 39 years after Independence, we are facing many problems like Poverty, Corruption, Population etc. The government is trying to eradicate these evils with the help of the people. I wish India to be very prosperous in the future.

— Vivek Tewari
Class V A

The Moon

The moon is the earth's nearest neighbour in the sky. It is about 3,86,000 km. away from the earth. The moon is the second brightest body in the sky. But unlike the sun, the moon does not give off light of its own. It shines because of sun light falling on its surface. It reflects the light of the sun.

The moon is the satellite of the earth. Moons are heavenly bodies that go round the planets. Earth has one moon. Some planets have no moon, while other have more than one moon. Mercury has no moon but Jupiter has twelve moons.

Although the moon reflects sunlight, its surface is not smooth like that of a mirror. On a clear night you can see dark spots on the moon's surface called craters.

The moon is a desolate place—it has no water no air and hence no living thing can live there. Also, since the moon does not have any air no sound can we hear on the moon. So the moon is an unfriendly place as far as living things are concerned.

— Bobby Soin
Class V A



Mother

Mother is the creator of all the human beings. That is why mother is considered only next to God. Those children are fortunate who have mothers. The love of mother has always been unparalleled in the History of mankind. Mother's love is the only love without having selfish motive. Not only mother gives true birth to a child but also she helps in the proper growth of the child by giving her own milk. Mother's worry at times of any difficulty or illness to child cannot be expressed in words.

There are many children, who neglect their mothers. This is a sin and even God does not forgive them. I am one of those luckiest children who receives mother's love and affection. There are some unfortunate children who have lost their mothers at an early age. Only those children can tell us how they feel in the absence of mother's love.

At the end I must emphasize that all the children must reciprocate with greater love and affection for the mother's selfless love.

— Manish Pandey

The Symptoms of Tuberculosis & Cholera

It is an infectious disease caused by the organism, Mycobacterium tuberculosis. It can affect any tissue of the body especially the lungs. Its germs can live for months in any cool, dark place, especially if there is little moisture present. These are quickly killed by sunlight and heat. Tuberculosis germs are generally spread by coughing and sneezing. They may be associated with dust particles or water droplets floating in the air. Mouth breathing and kissing are also responsible for spreading tuberculosis.

Signs and symptoms of tuberculosis are low fever, raised pulse rate, tiredness, loss of appetite and the loss of weight. Cough with sputum, pain in chest breathlessness are from local destructive changes in the lungs. Haemoptysis or blood spitting, pleurisy, spontaneous pneumothorax or bursting of lungs in the pleura result from local complication. Sometimes, distant complications like laryngitis or fistula-in-ano may be the presenting symptoms.

— Virun Singh
Class V A

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W-h-y

How does a submarine float and sink as desired? The submarine has a chamber in which water can be filled in or pumped out as required. To make it sink into the water, the chamber is filled with water so that its weight exceeds the upthrust produced on the submarine by the displaced water. To bring the submarine up, the water in the chamber is pumped out. Now the upthrust produced by the displaced water is greater than or equal to the weight of the submarine and hence it can float.

Why do we bring our hands close to the mouth while shouting to somebody at a distance?

By bringing our hands close to our mouth, the sound energy is not allowed to spread in all directions, rather being made unidirectional (i. e., directed in a particular direction). Hence the sound produced is louder.

— Amrendra Bisht
Class V A

The Ramayana

The Ramayana is the story of Rama the Kosal prince of Ayodhya. In order to help his father, king Dasharatha, keep his word given to his favourite wife Kaikayee, Rama willingly went in exile for fourteen years. His wife Sita and his faithful brother Lakshmana accompanied him. There he met with many strange adventures. One day, when Rama and Lakshmana were away, Ravana, the king of Lanka carried away Sita. Rama with the help of Sugriva and his commander Hanuman defeated and killed Ravana. Sita was rescued and Rama returned to Ayodhya at the end of his exile. Rama Lakshmana and Sita are still honoured as an ideal king, an ideal brother, an ideal wife. Ramarajya is the ideal form of government. Ghandhi ji always spoke of establishing Ramarajya in the India of his dreams.

— Vivek Sharma
Class V A

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ROCKETS

Rockets used by Chinese

The Chinese who were the first to use gunpowder also were the first to build a rocket. They tried putting the gunpowder into a long thin tube made of tightly packed paper with a sealed and pointed end. By setting fire to the other end they sent the tube bursting into the air. The first time rockets were used in battle, in Mongolia in the 13th century.

Rockets used in India

In the late 18th century in India. A famous Raja had rocket made out of iron tubes instead of cardboard or pasteboard. His rockets weighed about twelve pounds.

Congreve's Rocket Launching tube

William Congreve a British artillery Colonel developed a rocket that could be fired as far as a mile and a half.

Congreve's Rocket Fired from Ship

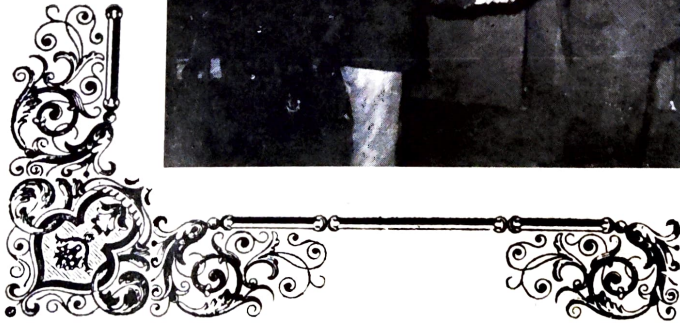
Congreve designed and built 32 and 42 pounds rocket that were launched from British rocket ships during wars against Napoleon. The first ones were fired at Boulogne on October 8th 1806.

— Bhartendu Bisht
Class V A

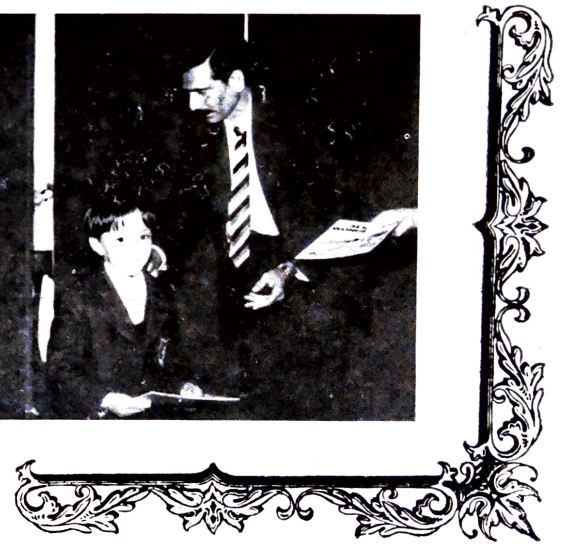




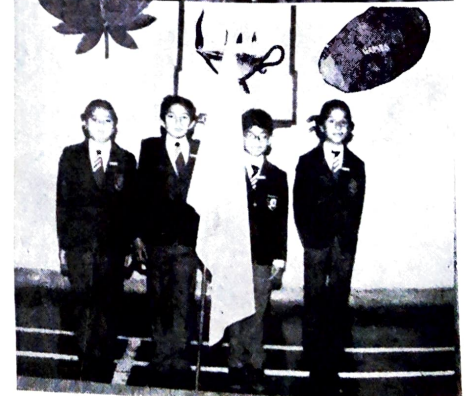
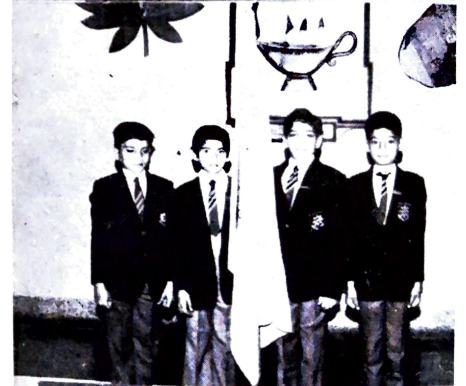
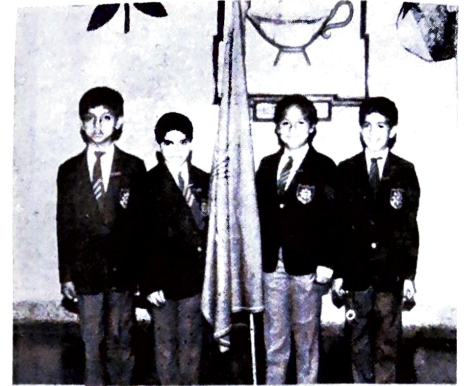
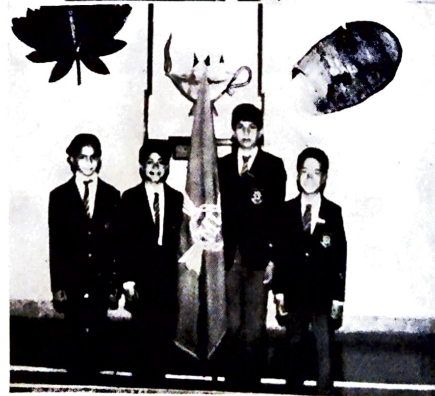
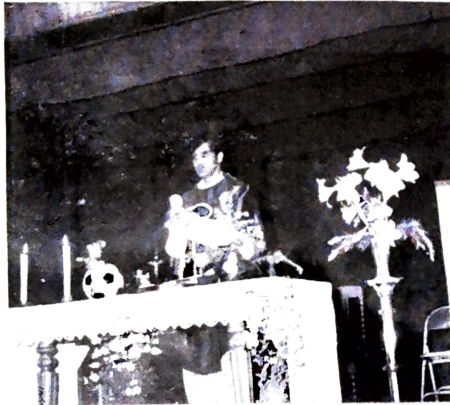
PRIZE DISTRIBU- TION



1985



Opening Mass and Investiture



In the beautiful city of Lyons,
There lived a Thevenet family.
They all were kind, generous,
And lived happily.

A girl was once born, in the family.
And her brothers called her Glady,
Her relations & parents loved her dearly.
For that was the reason they lived peacefully.

There broke a Revolution in 1785,
And they had no food to bite.
And all that Glady did with might.
Was to remember Jesus Christ
She knew the guardian angel was with her,
And there was nothing which could
pain or even hurt her.

— Jaskaran Gill
Class V B

The Brain

The brain is made of millions of nerve cells and nerve fibres. It lies inside the skull and well protected from shocks, jerks and bumps because of a cushion of liquid that surrounds and fills it from inside. The brain weight about one and a half kilograms. The brain has got three main parts each of which has its own special work to do.

The Cerebrum or the big brain is the largest part of the brain containing a mass of nerve cells. It is this part which helps you to think, learn, remember, speak and feel. It also helps you to see, hear, smell, taste and touch.

— Abhsihek Singh
Class V A

Poem Poem

Come here Paul,
I love all.
I can sit.
But you can fall.
Sun can shine,
It is not mine
It is round,
It is not found.

— Archana
P. P. B



In the charming Land of Lyons,
In the Thevenet family.
In the valley of Rhone and Soane,
Was born a great lady Claudine Marie.
Practical like her mother,
Generous like her father,
Loved by all her family
She was everybody's Glady.

Her heart was kind,
Her love was for poor,
She was all for the poor;
A great saint as she was,
Little violet as she was;
She worked quietly
Happy as she always was;
She was called Glady.

She served and served;
And gave Love for the world.
A great saint as she was;
She worked and served

— Himanshu Joshi

Which do you like Best

Nearly everyone likes chocolate and it is easy to carry wherever we go. Do you have a favourite kind? On a cold night nothing is nicer than a mug of hot frothy cocoa or drinking chocolate. It tastes good and warms us up.

The cocoa you enjoy so much comes from a pod which grows on the trunk of a tree. The tree grows in the hot wet forests of South America and Africa.

Men who lived in the Amazon forests of South America hundreds of years ago knew that a good drink could be made from the beans they found inside the pod.

— Manoj Shahi
Class V A



LITTLE



VIOLET



Claudine got the name Little Violet by helping her mother, and taking care of her brothers and sisters. Then the family gave her name Little Violet. Claudine was born on 30th March 1774. The next day she was baptised in the church of St. Nizier. At the age of five she was happy. She was sent as a boarder to Abbye de Saint Pierre. Her father was a silk merchant and her mother was a practical woman. She learnt good things from her parents. She had 3 brothers and three sisters. On the 14th July 1789 there broke a French revolution. The people who had helped to defend the city were arrested and were shot. Among them there were two of Claudine's brothers. Their words to their sister were 'forgive Gladly as we forgive'. It was Claudine's desire to bring souls to God. Her devotion was towards the poor. A young priest Father Andrew Coindre saw two little shivering children on the road side. Suddenly Claudine's name came into his mind. He did not know Claudine but still he decided to go to No. 6 Rue Masson. Few days after he told Claudine to form an association. The Father chose the members and told Claudine you are the head of the congregation. These holy women decided to give up their old names. Claudine adopted the name Mother St. Ignatious. In 1818 Mother St. Ignatious felt seriously ill and struggled from paralysis. On 3rd Feb. 1837 Mother St. Ignatious breathed her last. Before she died she said 'How Good God is'.

Even I'll try to be great to my country. How Mother St. Ignatius and I will also try to tell good things about God to the people.

— Dhruv Kheterpal

Class V B

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Everyday Science

Q1. Why are two eyes more valuable than one?
 Ans. We can view the object from two points at once giving us an idea of solidity also and not only of flatness

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Q2. A burning candle gets extinguished when covered with a tumbler, Why?
 Ans. A burning candle gets extinguished when covered with a tumbler because the supply of oxygen is cut off; the flame goes out.

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Q3. Why do you see a rainbow after rain?
 Ans. The water drops suspended in the atmosphere act as prism and disperse light into seven colours.

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Q4. Why is one's breath visible in winter but not in summer?
 Ans. In winter the water vapour contained in the breath condenses into small droplets of water which become visible. In summer it is not so.

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Q5. Why is the flash of lightning seen before the sound of thunder is heard?
 Ans. Because light travels faster than sound.

— Akshat P. D.

Class V A

QUIZ

1. Who is the author of the Famous Five?
2. What was the name of the priest who was Robin Hood's enemy?
3. What is a condor?
4. Nero was the emperor of which empire?
5. What is a cygnet?
6. What are the biggest stars?
7. How old is the earth?
8. Who was the British Prime Minister at the start of the second world war?
9. What kind of a man was King Nanda?
10. How far is the sun?
11. What was the name of the little people in the city which Gulliver lived?
12. What type of music is associated with the Caribbean?
13. Where is the Sugar Loaf Mountain situated?
14. Who wrote the comic Chacha Chaudhery?
15. What is the name of Tarzan's girl friend?



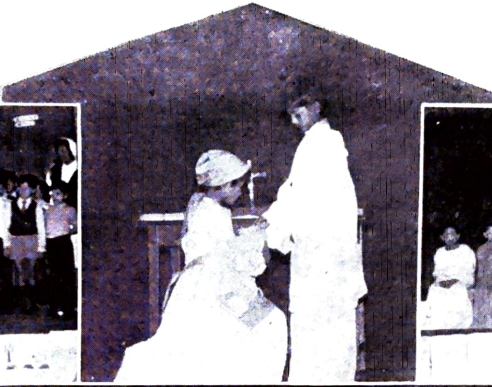
ANSWER

- 1-Enid BLYTON, 2-Frjar Tuck, 3-A Large bird of prey, 4-Roman Empire, 5-A young swan, 6-Sirus, Acturs, Vega, 7, 1,500,000,000 to 3,000,000,000 years old, 8. Neville Chamberlain, 9. Wicked & greedy, 10. 92,800,000 miles away from the earth, 11. Lilliputs, 12. Calypso or Reggae, 13. In Brazil, 14. PRAN, 15, Jane.

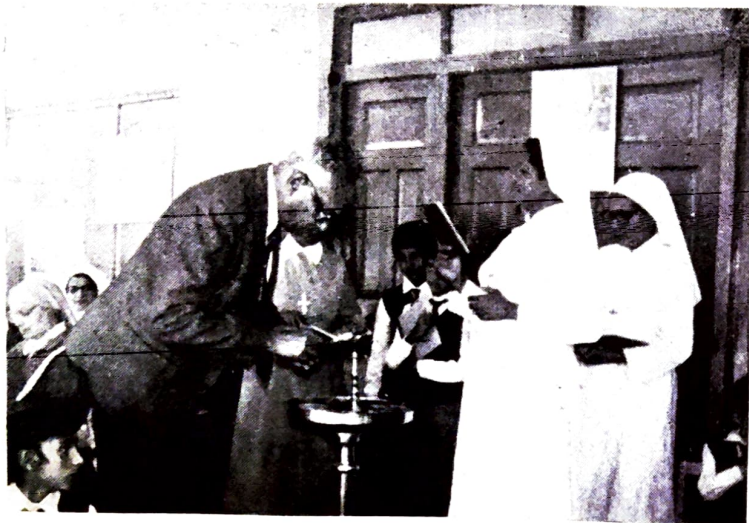
— Rajat

Class IV B

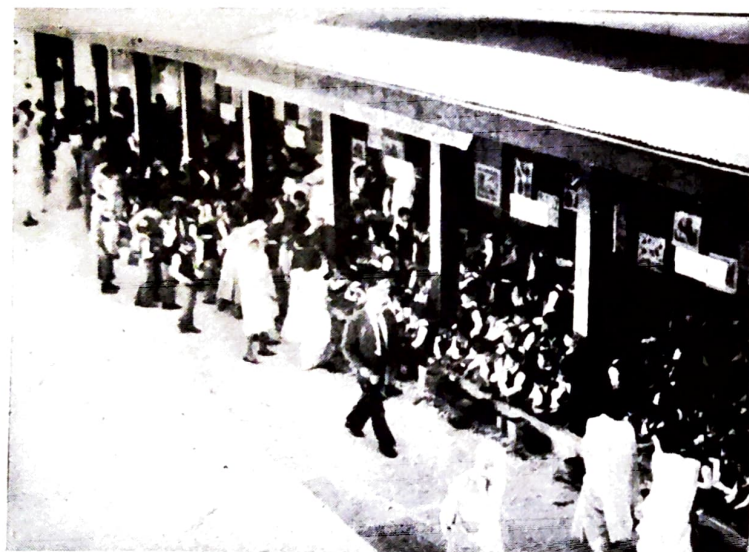
MOTHER FOUNDRIES' DAY



Tree Plantation



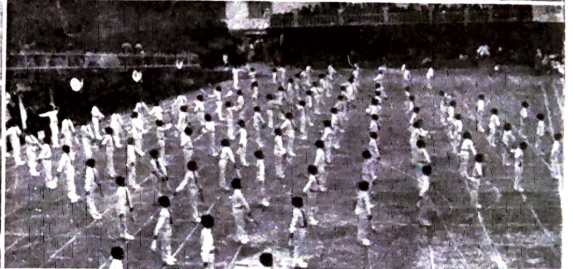
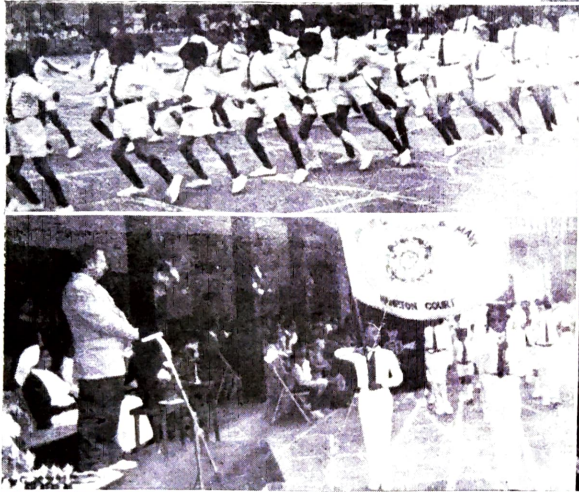
First Communicants



Confirmation



SPORTS DAY



SPORTS DAY



I study in a school in Mussoorie,
It is a nice school where we are free.
The name of my school is Hampton Court,
But it isn't as big as the Red Fort.

We have a library and two halls,
And many painted walls.
We also have a garden, where many flowers grow,
When they are big, they are made to stand in rows.

There is a pond,
Where many fish swim.
Sir Gordon feeds them,
They like him

We have a small little skating rink,
And nice little bell that goes tring-tring
We also have a chapel where we go to pray.
And the blessings of God comes down like a ray.

We have many teachers and friends too.
And all of us have many things to do.
I like my school very much
And have never seen another as such.

—Ashvin Sharma
Class V B



M Y S C H O O L

HAMPTON COURT

There is a school in Mussoorie
Far away from Waverley
The School is called Hampton Court
It is not as big as an airport

It has two halls with light yellow painted walls
We have a skating rink and a bell that rings ting ting.

Our School starts from Pre-primary
And we also have a library
My school teaches me to keep what ever is good rule.
I will always like my little School.

— Jaakaran G.

The name of my school is Hampton Court,
The roofs of which have the colour of the fort.
It is a nice school,
Which can do without a pool,

As it stands between the mountains,
Without any fountains,
My school has two play grounds
Which buzz with all kinds of sounds.

My school has two halls
Filled with children some small and tall
And, with it I will always keep in touch,
As I like my school very much

— Dhruv Kheterpal
Class V B

The name of my school is Hampton Court,
It is not bigger than a fort,
But has two dormitories,
But one close to the library,

We have two halls,
And outside we play with balls
There is a skating-rink,
And the bell rings 'trink-trink'.

We have many classes,
With windows made of glasses
With nice furniture of wood,
My school is nice and good.

— Gaurav A.
Class V B



Once an Irishman, a Scotsman and a Russian were travelling in a plane which caught fire. The Irishman jumped out saying "GOD SAVE ME" and he landed safely on a haystack. The Scotsman jumped out also saying "GOD SAVE ME". But the Russian did not know how to speak English properly, so he jumped out saying "GOD SHAVE ME" and he landed in a barber's shop.

Patient: Doctor, I am still having trouble with my breathing.
 Doctor: Well, I must give you something to stop it.

— **Samir Diwan**
 Class V B

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I say waiter—My bill please.
 How did you find your Luncheon sir?
 With a magnifying glass.

I say waiter—do you serve crabs?
 Sit down sir, we serve anybody.

— **Ashwin Sharma**
 Class V B

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Teacher—Rita, where are elephants found?
 Rita — I don't know ma'am. But they are so big I don't think they can get lost so easily.

Teacher—Rohit, which is far away, America or the moon?

Rohit — America Sir, you can see the moon but you can't see America.

Teacher—Sunil, name the liquid that doesn't freeze?
 Sunil — Hot water, Sir.

Teacher—Ashok, what is the outer part of a tree called?

Ashok—I don't know, Sir.

Teacher—'Bark, Ashok bark'.

Ashok — wof—warf—woff.

— **Rahul Vig**

Why does a young lady need the letter Y?
 Because without it she'd be a young Lad.
 What do you call a letter when it's dropped down the chimney?
 Blackmail.
 How do you start a teddy bear race?
 Say "Ready, teddy go".

— **Amarjeet Singh Hanspal**
 Class V B

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Once upon a time there was a boy. He was sleeping with his father. He had a dream of a football match. He kicked his father and said "Goal". His father got up and slapped the boy and said "Foull"
 "How old were you last birthday?"
 "Ninel"
 "I seel So you will be ten on your next birthday".
 "No, I wont! I'll be eleven!"
 "How can that be?" — **Dharmendra Gupta**
 Class IV A
 "I'm ten today!"



J O KES E S



Doctor! Doctor I have eaten a pencil. What shall I do? Use a pen.
 An elephant stamped a superman. What shall he become? A flatman.
 An elephant was running over a tomato. What did he drink? Squash.

— **Amit Chhabra**
 Class IV A

What happens if you dial 666?
 A policeman comes along upside down.
 Passenger: I say, conductor, is this a Barking bus?
 Conductor: No, sir it only goes "honk honk".
 What did the carpet say to the floor?
 "I've got you covered!"
 What did the balloon say to the pin?
 "Hi Buster."
 What did the big chimney say to the small chimney?
 "You're too young to smoke".
 "Is this the second hand shop?"
 "Yes sir".
 "Good! Can you fit one on my watch please?"

— **Vishal Dhiash**
 Class V B

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Visitor—"You're very quiet, Jennifer."
 Jennifer—"Well, Mum gave me 10p not to say anything about your red nose.

"My sister can play the piano by ear. "That's nothing! My big brother can fiddle with his whiskers!"

Can you spell 'Blind pig'?

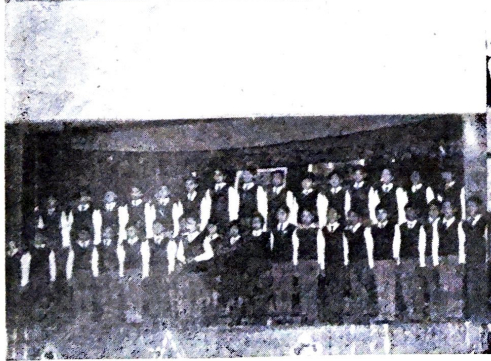
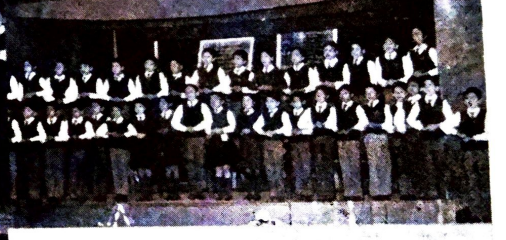
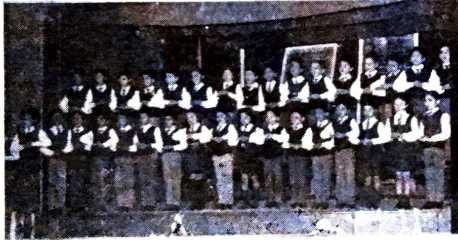
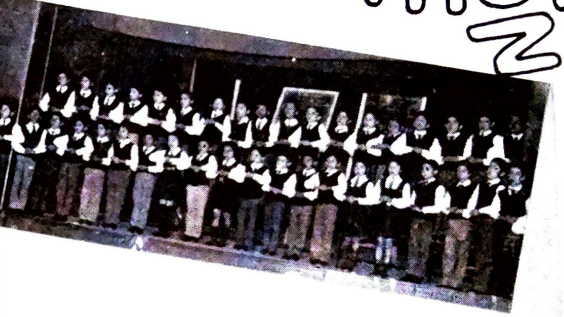
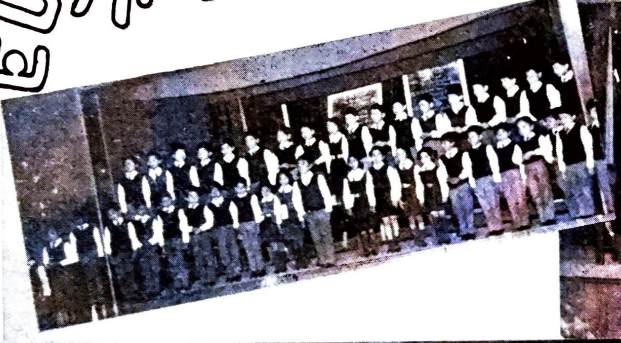
Sure—B.L.I.N.D.P.I.G. "No! It's B.L.N.D.P.G. If it had two eyes it woudn't be blind!"

A man in the United States decided to make some money by getting himself run over. He stood at the bus stop and struck his leg out, so when the bus arrived, it ran him over. He was in hospital for three months and received \$50,000 in compensation. Then he went to France and tried the same trick. This time received 200,000 in compensation. But when he came to Britain and stood at the bus stop with his leg sticking out, he died of pneumonia.

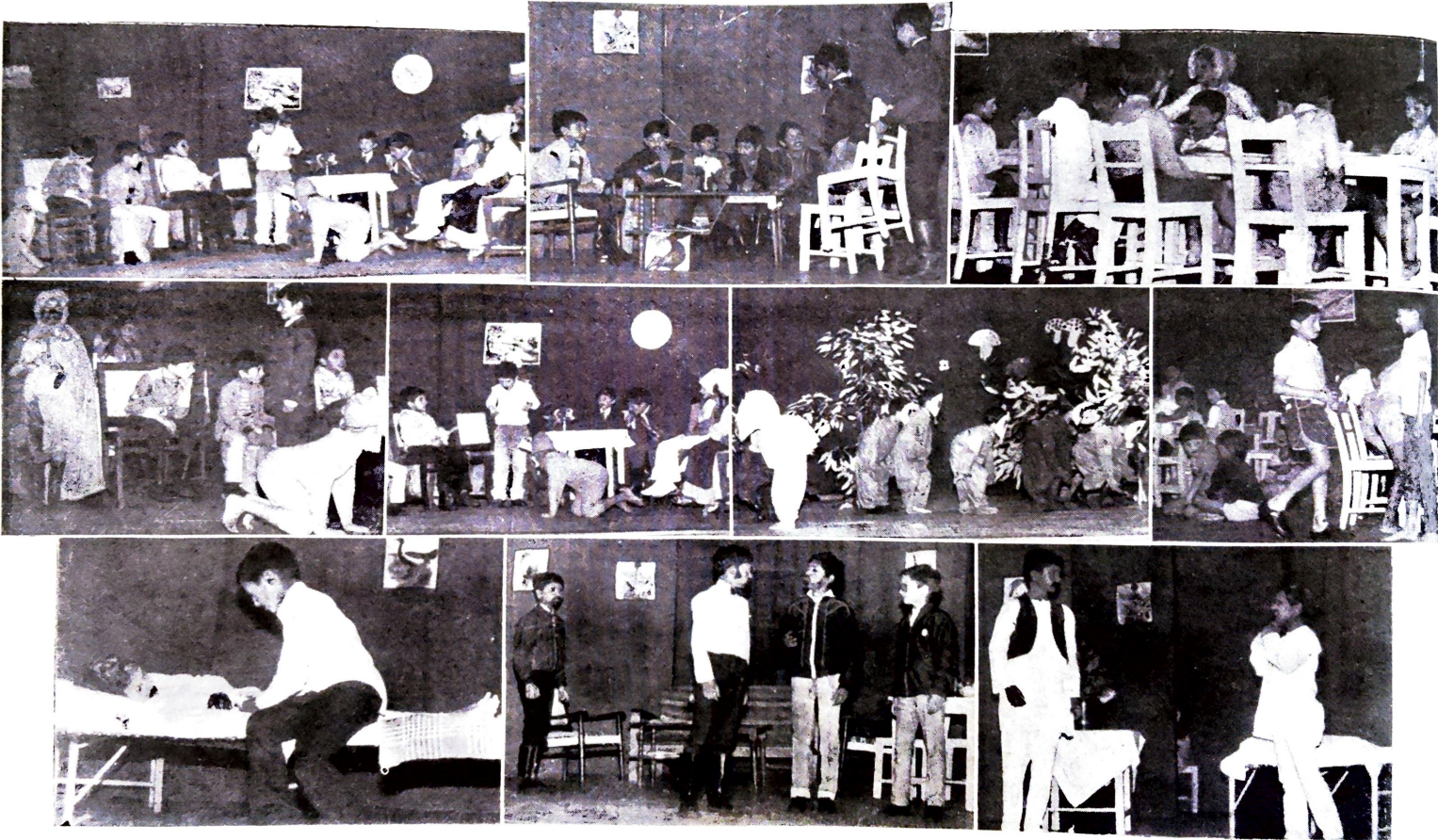
— **Ritesh T.**
 Class V B

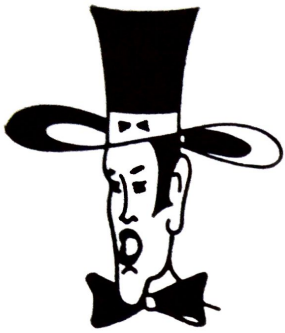
ELOCUTION
COMPETITION

ELOCUTION
COMPETITION

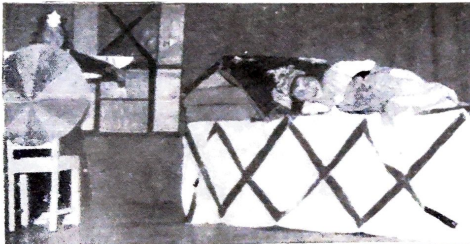
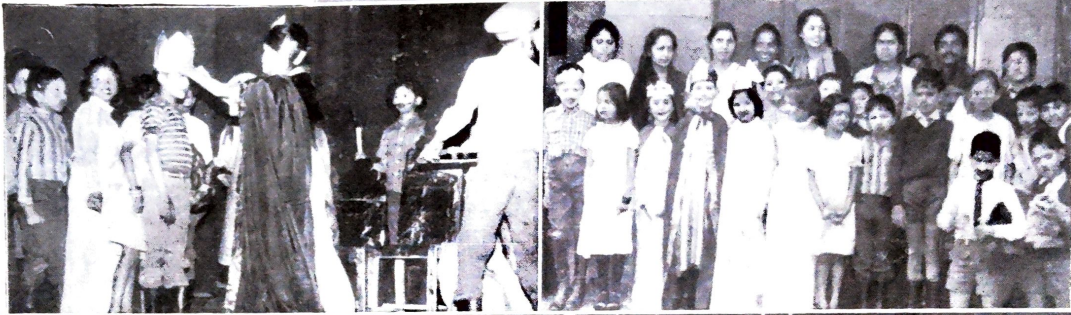


DRAMATICS



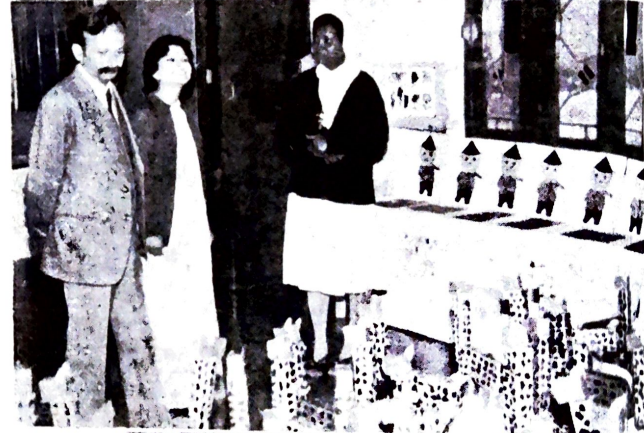


Dramatics





*Art
and
Craft*



Exhibition



The Hanging Gardens

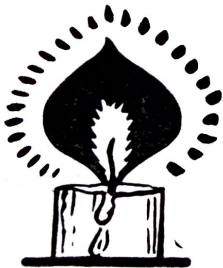
Six hundred years before the birth of Christ, King Nabopolassar of Babylon was brought the news he had long been waiting for—his army, combined with the Medes, had at last destroyed Nineveh, capital of the brutal Assyrian Empire, and defeated the Assyrian army. Triumphant, Nabopolassar prepared to build a great empire for his successors.

Nabopolassar died and his son Nebuchadnezzar, a successful soldier, succeeded him. Nebuchadnezzar's aim was to build Babylon as a monument to his glory. Close to his palace Nebuchadnezzar built his amazing Hanging Gardens.

Nebuchadnezzar had his gardens laid out on terraces to form a man-made hill. The terraces were connected by steps 3 metres wide and they were built in tiers held up by vast arches, raised upon other arches, one above the other to a height of 100 metres. A strengthening wall 7 metres thick surrounded the gardens. Huge flat stones covered with lead were laid on top of the arches, in which the plants were grown. The entire gardens were watered by a pump, probably worked by slaves on the top tier, which drew water from the river below. Everywhere there was water, cascading in waterfalls and trickling unseen into the lead-based flower beds to maintain the lush oasis. Thus the Hanging Gardens, with the pulse of summer in the air, glistened like a jewel in the bustling capital of Nebuchadnezzar's exotic empire.

— Gautam Agarwal
Class V A

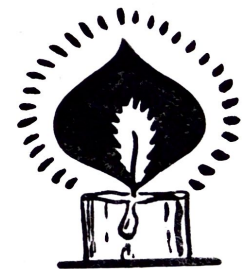
Diwali



Diwali is one of the most important Festivals in India. Diwali is called the 'Festival of lights'. The old and young celebrate this Festival with great pomp and show. Lord Rama returned after fourteen years of exile on this day. He had already defeated Ravana, the king of Lanka. The people of Ayodhya lit their rooftops and celebrated this occasion.

Shops and bazaars are decorated well on this occasion. The sweet-shops attract many customers. Children wear fine clothes and light crackers. They buy toys and balloons. People worship Lakshmi, the Goddess of wealth. People go to the market and buy different types of articles. One sees rows of light everywhere. Some of the rows of light are of burning candles, other are electric lights. All the temples are beautifully decorated for Diwali.

People visit the homes of their friends and greet one another. It is a day of great joy.



— Kunal Jaiswal
Class V A

The People of India

There are more people living in India today than in any other country in the world except China. If we were to find out the total number of people in the world, and then find out how many of these were Chinese and how many were Indians, we should discover that one person in every five is Chinese, and one person out of every seven is Indian.

In our country, the number of babies born every year is much greater than the number of people who die. So if at the end of a year we do a simple sum in subtraction, and take away the number of deaths from the number of births, we can tell from the answer what the increase in our population has been. In modern times the population of India has been increasing so rapidly that the number of people in the territory of the Indian Republic is more than double the number who were living in the same territory at the beginning of this century.

In some parts of our country we find many people who are tall and fair skinned with eyes which may be brown, green or grey, or even blue. People who look like this are found most often in the north, though we also see them in other parts of India. It is generally believed that these tall fair-skinned people are descended from the war-like invaders who crossed the northern mountains from western Asia and came into this country about three and a half thousand years ago. They called themselves Aryas or, as we would now say, Aryans.

— Bhasker Jaiswal
Class V A



The Bug and the Mosquito

A bug once lived with her family in a grand bed belonging to a king. She was a privileged bug, each night drinking royal blood to her heart's content. One day a mosquito came into the king's room and noticed the comfortable way in which the bug lived.

"But you are lucky", sighed the mosquito, "Such a lovely bed. Do let me stay for a while I'd like to taste the royal and sweet blood." But the bug felt that this privilege belonged to her and her family alone so she was not willing to let the mosquito stay.

"Your bite would only hurt the king", she said in excuse. "If the king was hurt he would surely kill us. So please go away".

Yet he continued to beg for a wee taste of the royal blood. Till, finally the bug who had a soft heart agreed. "But only one dinner" she said "After that you leave". The mosquito was over-joyed. He listened to the bug's instructions carefully.

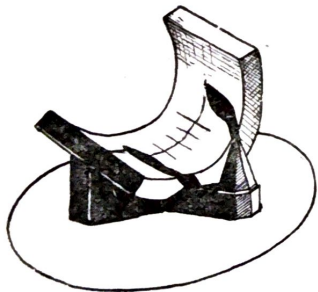
"When the king is asleep after his dinner" she explained. "That is the time for you to dine. And remember you must bite him only on his foot. He doesn't have much feeling there".

The mosquito waited patiently for the hour to come. When the king came to bed and was just to drop off in excitement the mosquito forgot all the instructions. He bit the king on his back.

He jumped up at once angrily and called for his servants. "Some thing has bitten me" he said. "Find out what it is and kill it". At which the mosquito fled in fright. But the servants of the king soon found the bug and her family. They killed the lot.

Moral—The unwelcome guest no doubt affects the household.

— **Shaifender Nagpal**
Class V A



The World Cup

I am a keen enthusiast of football and so took keen interest in the 1986 FIFA World Cup played in Mexico between 31st May '86 and 29th June '86.

The matches were played at nine different places in Mexico. These were Puebla, Mexico-City, Toluca, Leon, Irapuato, Guadalajara, Queretoro, Nezahualcoyotl and Monterrey. The World Cup is the symbol of world supremacy in football. It is a five kilogram, 36 centimetre high, 18 carat bibilot. That is not a cup at all but a golden globe on a pedestal. It is worth 4 million dollars.

Two years ago, over 120 national teams, each fielding their best combination, competed in elimination rounds all round the world. The 22 survivors along with Italy the defending champions and hosts, Mexico, battled through 52 games, in this the 13th World Cup.

The finals were contested between Argentina and West Germany. Argentina were the favourites and did not disappoint their supporters. They beat West Germany 3-2.

The king of the World Cup was the Argentinian forward Diego Maradona who was known for his speed, skill at dribbling, and powerful shooting for goals. Though he was unable to score in the finals it was he who fed his team mates to score.

I followed the World Cup as the matches were telecast on T.V. Whenever the World Cup has been played in America no European team has won it.

— **Amrendra Bisht**
Class V A

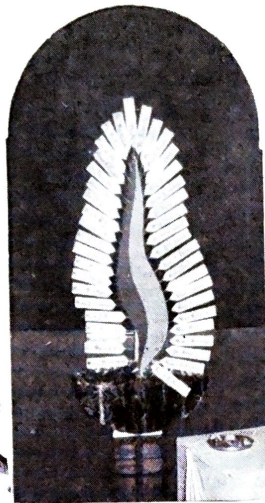


NOBEL PRIZE

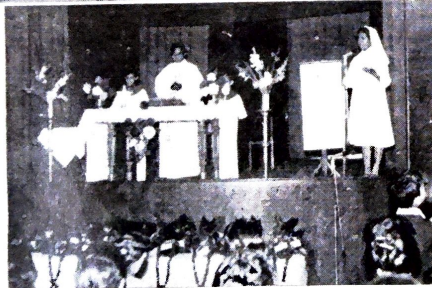
Nobel Prizes were instituted in 1901. Dr. Alfred Nobel, a Swedish scientist and the Inventor of Dynamite left a huge fortune to the trustees for the establishment of five prizes to be awarded annually for outstanding works in (I) Physics (II) Chemistry (III) Medicine or Physiology (IV) Literature and (V) Peace. Each prize amounts to £100,000 which comes as interest on the amount of £175,000 left by Nobel.

— **Humphery Davy**
Class V A

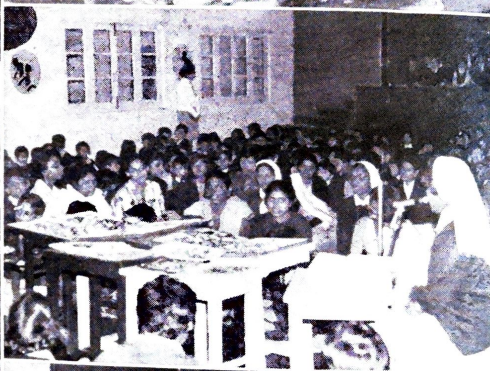
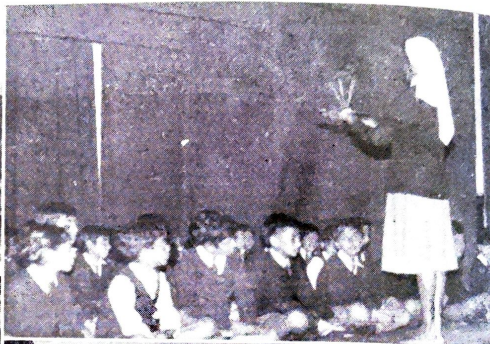
TEACHER'S



DAY † † †



"RAIKSHA BANDHAN"



How I Spent My Winter Holidays

As my holidays began, the carnival in the desert started. This was the Rothman's Cup in Sharjah. As I am interested in cricket and also play it, I was interested in it. This cup was won by the West Indies. As I had won many books in class IV A I began reading them I was interested in the Hardy Boys series. I bought a few more. I liked the Mystery of the Sinister Signpost.

After a few days my father told me that we were going on a trip to Amritsar. I was greatly excited as I wanted to see the Golden Temple and the Jallianwalla Bagh. We took a cab to Dehra Dun and from there we took the Mussoorie Express. I sat next to the window in order to get a better view. Soon afterwards it began to grow dark and I felt sleepy. I had my food and climbed up on the topmost bunk. A moment later I fell asleep. Next morning I woke up by a jerk from the train. We were now very close to Punjab. During the night our bogey had been detached from the Mussoorie Express and attached to the Punjab Mail. During the journey I saw great stretches of grasslands with farmers working on them. Soon we pulled into Amritsar. This city was founded by Guru Ram Dass. In the afternoon we went to see the Golden Temple. As we entered the Golden Temple a gorgeous site awaited us. There was a big tank & right in the middle of it stood the Golden Temple. We also saw the Akal Takth, Jallianwalla Bagh and the Tower of Baba Atal Rai. After staying a few more days in Amritsar we returned to Mussoorie.

Meanwhile nineteen years old Stefan Edberg beat Mats Wilander to win the Australian Open. We also went to Nainital on a trip. Here there is a big lake with hills surrounding it on all sides. There we went to see Bhimtal which is a very big lake with a small island on it. By the time I had toured all these places it was time for my school to reopen. I enjoyed a lot my winter vacations.

— Amrendra Bisht
Class V A



Once upon a time there was a rich man with money on his back. He was going somewhere, when suddenly he met a man who said "Please wait, Sir". Then the rich man said "Yes what is it my man?" Then the other man asked "Did you see a policeman passing this way or that way?" The rich man said "No sir". Then the other man said, "Thank you for your information Now hand over all your money to me."

Raksha Bandhan

Raksha Bandhan is a day of great importance for a brother and a sister. It is on this day that a sister binds her true love in a Rakhi and ties it on the wrist of her brother. The brother in turn vows to protect her from all calamities.

On this day the markets are full of colourful and splendid Rakhis. The sister tries to find a Rakhi which suits the choice of her brother most. On this day every home is full of happiness. After the rituals of Raksha Bandhan everyone in the family sits down in communion with God and thanks him for his blessings on them.

Raksha Bandhan was celebrated in our school this year with much pomp and show. There was excitement in the air which could be seen by the smiling faces of the children. The function began by the reading of the holy scriptures by our Principal and one of our teachers. During the ceremony there prevailed an atmosphere of reverence. It was a very happy sight to see the girls of the school tying Rakhis on the hands of their class-fellows and putting ladoos in their mouth. It created a good spirit of friendly relations and a feeling of brotherhood amongst all. The whole school was bound together into one big family.

— Bhaskar Rauthan
Class V A

Olympic Games

The history of Olympic Games is about 28 hundred years old. These games were held in the honour of the Greek God Zeus. Besides games and sports, competitions were also held in Literature, Art, drama and music. Since then (776) they were held after every 4 years until 394 A.D., when they were stopped by a royal order by the emperor of Rome. The 23rd Olympics were held in Los Angeles (U. S. A.).

— Samir Diwan
Class V B



— Vijay Singh, Class V B

JOKE

Power of Intelligence

Once upon a time God decided to give power to all animals and human beings. Birds took the power of flying. Fishes took the power of swimming and crocodiles too. Horses took the power of running. Tigers and Lions took the power of paws and diving and fighting. Dogs took the power of biting. Man took the power of intelligence and proclaimed himself as the king.

Birds came to challenge man in flying. So man invented the aeroplane and conquered over flying. Birds lost hope. Fishes and crocodiles came to challenge man in swimming. Man with his oxygen gas suit challenged that also. Horses came to challenge man in running. Man on his motor car conquered this also. Man came over the powers of lions and tigers with the inventions of pistols and revolvers. With his intelligence he tamed the dog as his pet.

Man is now the king of all the animals. It is only because of his intelligence.

— **Bhasker Jaiswal**
Class V A

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The Foolish Boy

Once upon a time there was a boy who's stomach was aching. He told about it to his mother and said "It is aching because it has nothing inside it". Shortly the boy's father came and he had a headache. So the boy said, "It is aching because it has nothing inside it."

— **Shwetank Aggarwal**
Class

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The Biggest Dictionary of the World

The biggest dictionary of today's world is the Oxford English Dictionary. It has twelve volumes. It contains 15,487 pages. From 1884 to 1933, this dictionary did not undergo any serious change, but in 1933, 963 pages were added to it.

In 1974, two more parts were added to it.

— **Rahul Gupta**
Class V A

A Chat with Mr. Victor Banerjee

I met Mr. Victor Banerjee at his house in Landour Cantt., surrounded with flowers and by tall deodar trees. We sat in the garden. He kindly agreed to the following interview.

T. S.—**Where did you study?**

V. B.—I went to St. Edmund's school at Shillong.

T. S.—**Did you act in dramas when you were at school?**

V. B.—Yes I did act in dramas when I was at school.

T. S.—**Which was your first film?**

V. B.—'Shatrang Kay Khilari'.

T. S.—**Which was your favourite film?**

V. B.—'Ghore Bahre'

T. S.—**Who gave you the name Victor?**

V. B.—My maternal grand-mother gave me the nickname 'Victor'.

T. S.—**How old were you when you started acting in plays?**

V. B.—I started acting early, when I was 5 years old.

T. S.—**Did someone stop you from acting in films?**

V. B.—Only my grand-mother wasn't too happy. I was encouraged by both my parents.

T. S.—**What is your next film about?**

V. B.—A Bengali film called "Kabhi pas Kabhi dur". It is about the lives of some railway workers in a small village.

T. S.—**Who is your favourite director and why?**

V. B.—My favourite director is Ingmar Bergmann, because of the originality of vision and the poetry he creates with colour in his films.

T. S.—**Do you prefer acting in plays or films?**

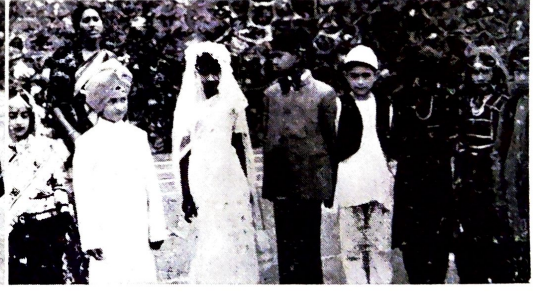
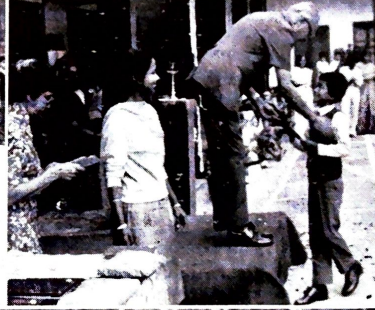
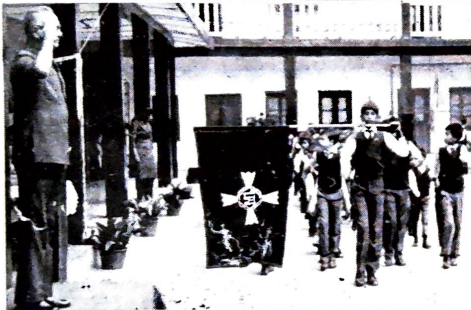
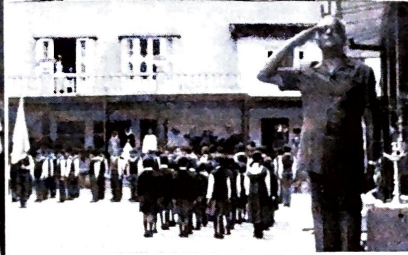
V. B.—Plays, any day! Films do not have a live audience present when you are acting, so you have no means of knowing how you will be accepted. Plays also create a fabulous sense of "belonging". Plays are more disciplined, and everyone who works becomes a member of your 'new family'.

— **Tania Saili**
Class V A

• • • • •

A new teacher came to the class and began "I will now take the attendance. Those present will say "Yes Miss" and those absent will say "No miss".

INDEPENDENCE DAY



Class V :

Outgoing Class



- Kneeling (L to R)* — Bhaskar R; Sidharatha S; Virun S; Tania S; Seema K; Preeti M; Tulika S; Ruchi K; Josephine D; Vinod T; Ritesh T; Ravinder D; Harsh D.
- Sitting (L to R)* — Vishal D; Rahul G; Ambrish B; Shailender N; Prashant S; Parikshit B; Bhartendu B; Sister Beatrice (Sup.) Sir Gordon; Miss T. Dolma, Miss S. Bailey, Miss A. Pinhero, Sister Ida (Principal); Vivek T; Amarjeet H; Shardul V; Manish P; Shvetank A.
- Standing (L to R)* — Vishal B; Sachin J; Rahul K; Anand S; Akshat P; Vikas J; Abhishek S; Anil B; Dharminder S; Bobby S; Vivek S; Nitin G; Suneet S; Gaurav C; Amit P; Ryan R; Ashwin S; Vivek T.
- Standing on benches—*
1st row (L to R) — Gautam A; Humphery D; Gaurav S; Raja C; Amrender B; Nitin G; Anupam B; Himanshu J; Bhaskar J; Anirudh C; Rahul A; Gaurav J; Kunal J; Ajaya S; Gaurav A; Udaybhan D; Sameer D; Dhruv K; Jaskaran G.
2nd row (L to R) — Sukhpreet K; Dhirendra S; Gurpratap S; Nikorn S; Anand S; Rajat G; Amarbir S; Vijay S; Paresh B; Anubhav N; Ashish G; Yamin H; Abhinav S; Rohit S; Manoj S; Amit S.

My Love for God

God loves me, so I love him too. He has done everything for me. He provides my needs and helps me when I am in trouble. He is always with me, but sometimes I drive him away by being naughty. Of course, I feel sorry later and ask him to be with me again and to forgive my sins. He always does so and loves me ever more! I can prove my love for God by following the ten commandments he has given me. I always talk to God through my prayers and he listens to me if I pay very close attention. You can also do the same.

— **Jaswant Singh Rawat**
Class IV A

Olympic Flag

The Olympic flag, created in 1913 at the suggestion of Baron Pierre de Coubertin was solemnly inaugurated in 1914 but was raised over an Olympic stadium for the first time at Antwerp Games in 1920. There is also a second Olympic flag, which is used in Winter Games. These flags are made of white silk, and contain five intertwined rings. From left to right the rings are blue, yellow, black, green and red. The rings are meant to recall the five continents and colours, the countries of the world. At least one of these colours is found on the flag of every country.

— **Kunal Jaiswal**
Class V A

Flags of different countries

1. China: "The Gate of Heavenly Peace", superimposed on the national flag which comprises a large star and 4 small stars at the top and a wheel at the base; the whole circled with ears of rice and wheat.
2. Japan: White surface superimposed with rising sun (red).
3. U.S.A. : 13 stripes and 52 stars.
4. Portugal : Green and red with arms in the centre.
5. India : Tri-colour of saffron, white & green, with a blue Ashoka Chakra on the white band. The ratio of length to breadth is 2:3.

— **Samir Diwan**
Class V B

First in Sports

1. The First batsman to score three Test centuries in three successive Tests on debut—Mohd. Azharudhin.
2. The First woman who secured the largest number of gold medals in the 21st Olympic games in gymnastics—C. Nadia.
3. The First person to ski down Mount Everest —Yuichiro Miura of Japan.
4. The first man to win 4 Olympic gold medals.—Alvin Kranzien (U. S. A.) in 1900
5. The first black player to win the Wimbledon men's single's title—Arthur Ashe (U. S.; 1975)
6. The first Indian to win the World Billiards Trophy—Wilson Jones
— by **Samir Diwan**
Class V B



JOKES



1. 'What did you learn in school today son?' 'I learned that the sums you did for me were wrong!'
2. 'I had a funny dream last night Mum.' 'Did you?' 'I dreamed I was awake, but when I woke up I found I was asleep.'
3. 'Joyce, how many more times must I tell you to come away from that cake tin? "No more, Mum It's empty!'"
— **Ashvin Sharma**
Class V B

1. Why does a sea roar?
You would too if you had crabs in your bed.
2. Why do you want to work in a bank?
I have been told there's money in it.
3. Tinku-Would you like to play with our new dog?
Mantu-He looks fierce. Does he bite?
Tinku - That's what I want to know.

— **Gaurav Jain**
Class V B

Once a teacher gave three sums to a boy. The boy went home and asked his father what the first sum was. His father said, "Shut up!" Then the boy went to his brother and asked about the second sum. His brother answered "Nothing!". The boy then went to his mother and enquired about the third sum. The mother replied, "Dustbin!"

The next day the boy went to class. The teacher asked him about the first sum, to which the boy said, "Shut up!" Then the teacher said, "What is the second sum?" "Nothing!", replied the boy. The teacher became very angry and took the boy to the Principal, who asked the boy "What does the school mean?" "Dustbin" came the reply.

— **Vikrant Gupta**
Class III B

• • • • •

Once two parents went to a boarding to admit their son. They saw a man standing near the chapel who said to them that people were taking vows of poverty & chastity. Then at noon the same man came with them to have lunch. The cook was making salads and chicken. The man exclaimed, "I wonder if poverty is like this. Then what is chastity like?"

— **Nitesh Gupta**
Class III A

• • • • •

Once there was an American, a Russian and an Indian. The American said, "The one who makes the best aeroplane, will get a prize." So the American made the machinery, while the Russian made the cover. The Indian was still thinking what to make when an idea struck his mind and he wrote 'Made In India' and got the prize.

— **Manav Vasan**
Class III A

Mother : Eat your spinach, it will put colour in your cheeks.

Samantha—But who wants green cheeks.

What makes storytellers strange people?

Talks come out of their heads.

Mr. Stone—How is Mrs Wood and the little splinters?

Mr. Wood—Fine Thank you. And how is Mrs. Stone and the little pebbles

What letters of the alphabet would frighten a burglar?

O. I. C. U. !

What kind of children does a stupid florist have? Blooming Idiots.

Teacher—What do eskimos call their money?

John — Iced Lolly, Miss.

— **Akshat Prasad**



J O KES E S



Once a man went to U.S.A. He knew only three English words, 'yes sir', 'no sir', 'very good sir'. He went to one banana seller who asked him if he wanted one. The man replied, "Yes, Sir!" Then he met one ice-cream man, who, asked him the same question. To this, the man replied, "No, Sir!" He then met a Superman who asked him, "Do you want one flying box?" Out came the quick reply, "Very good, Sir!"

— **Ashutosh Gupta**
Class III B

Raju—"Gopu, do you know who defeated Napoleon in the battle of Waterloo?"

Gopu—"I think his enemy must've done it".

Teacher—John, spell out, 'mouse'.

John — M-O-U-S

Teacher—What's at the end?

John—A tail Man!

Interviewer—Mr. Vijay, come and take your seat!
(Vijay comes and lifts the chair in his hands).

Interviewer—What are you doing?

Vijay — Sir, you yourself told me to take my seat. I'm doing as you'd said.

• • • • •

The teacher called a boy who had secured the lowest marks in Maths in the class, and said, "Look, Ramu, when George Washington was of your age, he was a great surveyor."

"And when he was of your age Sir, he had become the President of U.S.A.", replied Ramu.

The judge (to the thief)— "Why did you steal the suitcase containing the new clothes?"

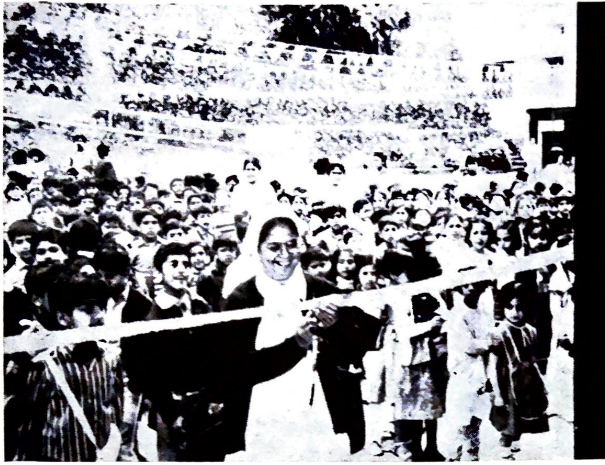
The thief— "My Lord, forgive me! I didn't have any clothes to attend the court!"

— **Vikram Singh Hari**
Class III A

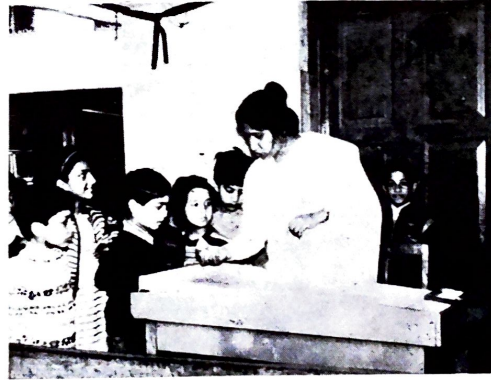
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One boy said to the other that today the train went over him. So the other boy said, "But you are still alive!" The first boy retorted, "I was standing under the bridge."





SCHOOL

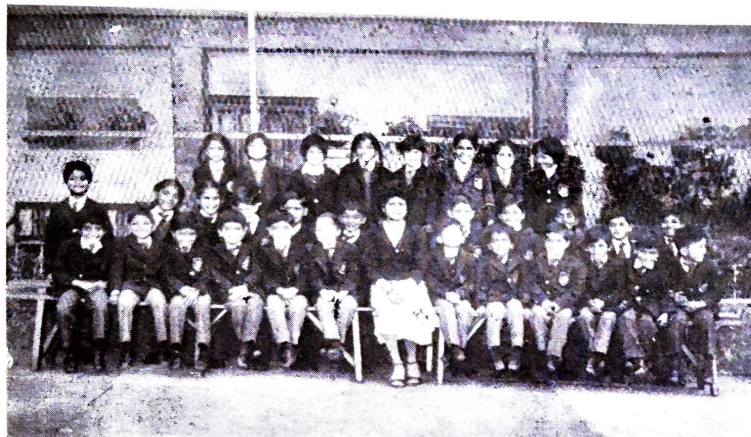


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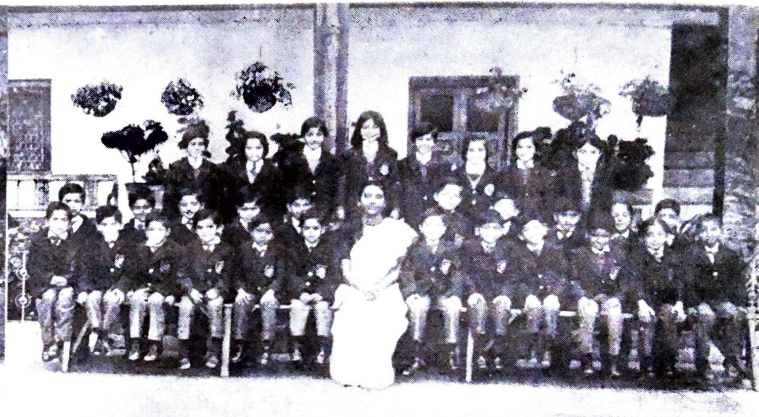


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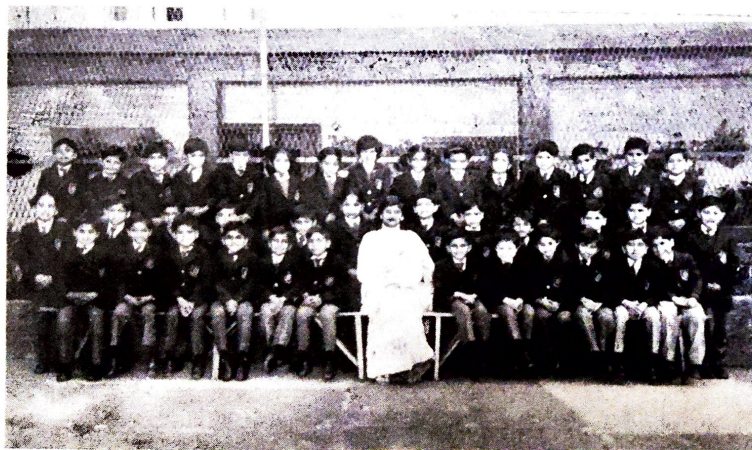




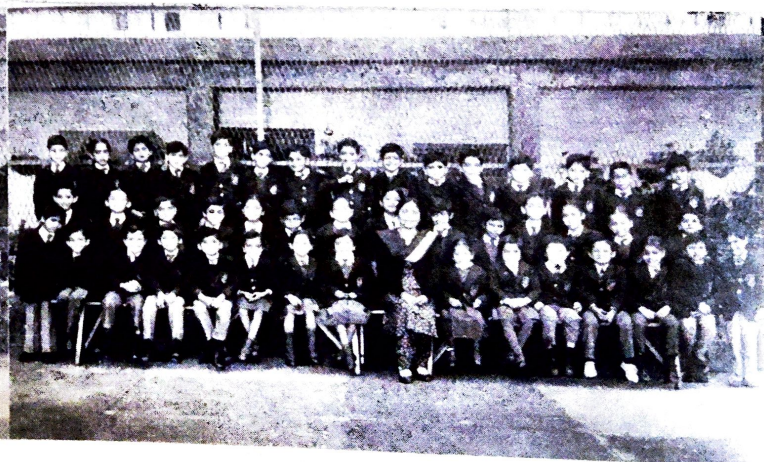
PP A with Miss Catherine Amaral



PP B with Miss Teresa Gomes

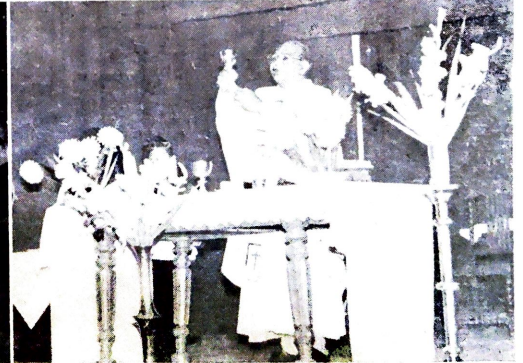


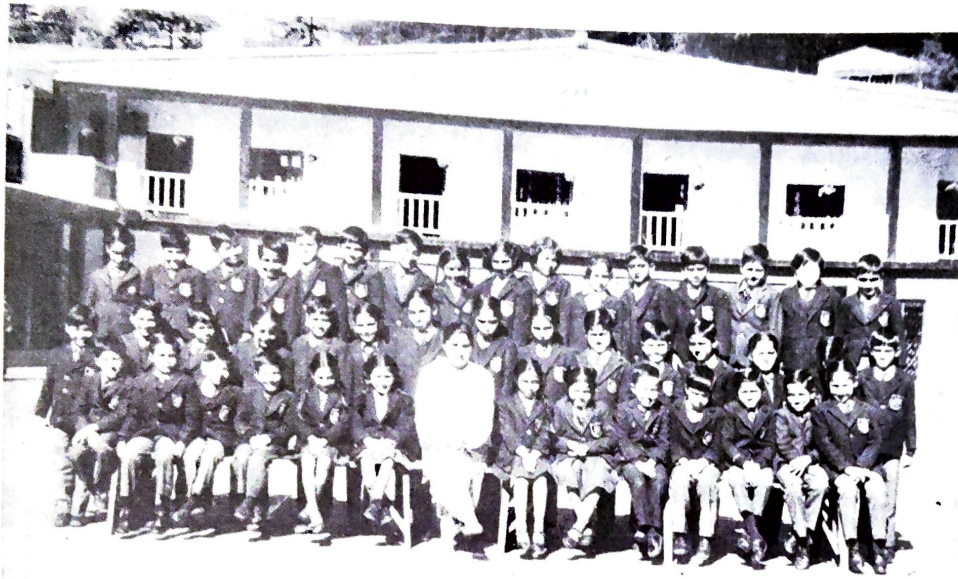
Class I A with Miss Anita Dutta



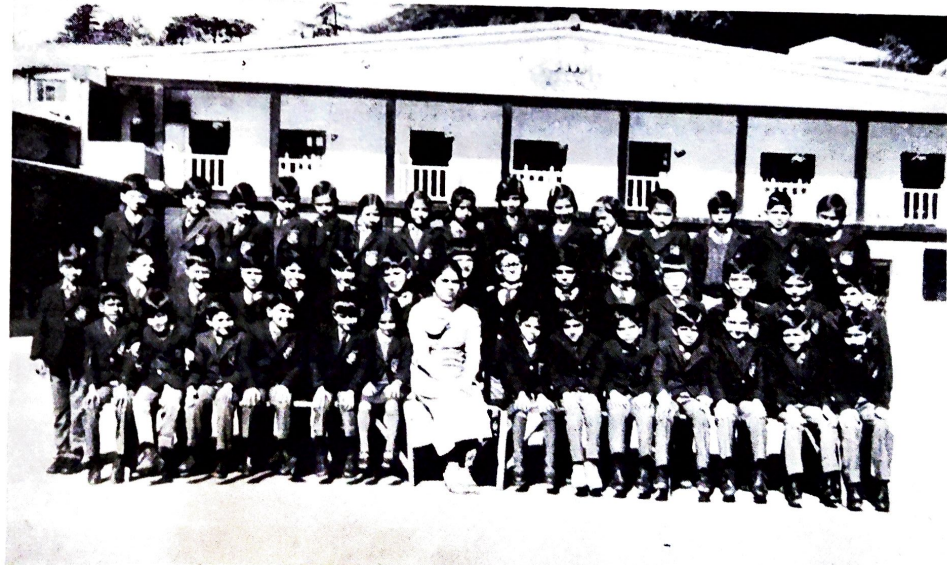
Class I B with Mrs. Sethi

CHILDRIEN'S DAY





**Class II A
with Miss Agnes Sandhu**



**Class II B
with Miss Maria Vaz**

- Name ten parts of the human body that have only three letters.
- Name the letter which can be added to the following words to form new words (a) lack (b) nail (c) pear (d) our (e) in (f) end (g) pit.
- There is a four letter word if you remove the first letter of this word you form a word which means to eat. If the second letter is removed you get a word which means a carpet. If you remove the third letter you have something close to meeting. The full four letter word is a kind of food. What is it?
- What travels throughout the world but remains in a corner?

ANSWERS

1. eye, arm, leg, toe, rib, hip, ear, lip, gum, jaw
2. Add, 3. Meat 4. Stamp.

— Amrendra Bisht
Class V A

RIDDLES

- A lady went to a doctor. She said "how can I stop a cold going inside my neck?"
The doctor said "Tie a knot around your neck!"
- What language do two twins speak when in Holland?
Ans: Double Dutch.
- What is often seen but often changes?
Ans: Your Mind.
- Why is 'S' the scariest letter in the alphabet?
Ans: Because it makes ice, 'scream' (icecream).
- Where can you always find gold?
Ans: In a dictionary.
- How long was he in the army?
Ans: About six feet 7 inches.
- How can you stop yourself dying?
Ans: By staying in the living room.
- What do athletes eat?
Ans: Runner Beans.
- Name 5 things that contain milk?
Ans: cream, cheese, ice-cream, butter cows.

— Digvijay Singh

Dentist—"Open wide, Mrs. Saksena. My goodness! You've got the biggest cavity I've ever seen, the biggest cavity I've ever seen!"

Mrs. Saksena—"You don't have to repeat yourself!"

Dentist—"I wasn't. That was an echo".

• • • • •

Teacher — (at a parent-teacher meeting) Mr. Malik, your son will go down in History.

Mr. Malik—Wow! I can't believe it!

Teacher—Yes, and in English, Maths, Science and Hindi as well!

• • • • •

Customer—What's on your menu today?

Waiter — Beans.

Customer—Don't I have any choice?

Waiter — Yes, two. Take it or leave it.

— Amrendra Bisht
Class V A

RIDDES

- Did you hear about the stupid tapdancer.
Ans—He fell in a sink.
- Why are goldfish gold?
Ans.—So they won't go rusty.
- What is black and white and has 8 wheels?
Ans.—A pair of roller skates.

— Ritesh T,
Class V B

JOKE

Once there was a boy. He wanted to learn English. He asked his Sir to teach him English. The master said, who ever you meet say "Yes". So the boy met a boxer. He said "Yes". Then he gave him a box & he went to his master. He said who ever you meet say "no". He met the boxer again. He asked him "Do you remember my box?" He said "No". So he gave him another box. He went to his master again. The master said who ever you meet say 'very good'. So the boxer told him that his mother died. He said "Very good!" So he gave him another tight box.

— Ajay Manglani, Class III B



धरती गोल

सूरज गोल चन्दा गोल टनटन बजता घंटा गोल
चकरा गोल रोटी गोल मुन्ना जी का टोपा गोल
प्याली गोल थाली गोल, गुड़िया भूमें गोल-गोल
बाबा कहते धरती गोल हम कहते है लड्डू गोल ॥

प्रशान्त स०
कक्षा ३ ब

वापसी

पेटू जी जब गये बारात, रास आये न दाल भात । छुपकर खाई खूब मिठाई,
पेट तना तब आफत आई । फोरन एम्बुलेंस बुलवाई, पेटू जी की हुई दुलाई ।
पड़े पलंग पर छटपटाये, अटपट चलते घर को आये । बाराती मिलकर
चिल्लाये, लौट के बुद्धू घर को आये ।

अंचित खन्ना
कक्षा २ अ

चुटकुले

१. एक लड़के से टीचर ने पूछा, जब पानी उबलता है तो उससे कल-कल की आवाज क्यों आती है ? लड़का कुछ देर सोचता रहा और फिर बोला—यह उन किटाणुओं की चीख होती है जो पानी उबलने से मर जाते हैं ।
२. एक आदमी कहता है जो मेरी मदद करेगा उस में दस हजार रुपये दूंगा । दूसरा आदमी लोला, 'मैं तुम्हारी मदद करूंगा । पहला आदमी बोला, 'तो लाभो हजार रुपये दो ।'
१. एक दिन एक आदमी जा रहा था, कि बारिश शुरू हो गयी ! वह जल्दी भागने लगा । जब वह भाग रहा था तो वह एक गड्ढे में गिर गया, ऊपर से बिजली चमकी, वह आदमी गुस्से में आकर बोला एक तो मेरे गोरव जाँ न.क्षा ५ ब
कपड़े गन्दे कर दिये और अब मेरी फोटो खींची गयी !
- २.) पहला बहरा आदमी—“क्या बाजार जा रहे हो” ?
दूसरा बहरा आदमी—“नहीं, बाजार जा रहा हूँ” ।
पहला बहरा आदमी—“मैं समझा था कि तुम बाजार जा रहे हो ।”

भास्कर रोधाण
कक्षा ५ अ

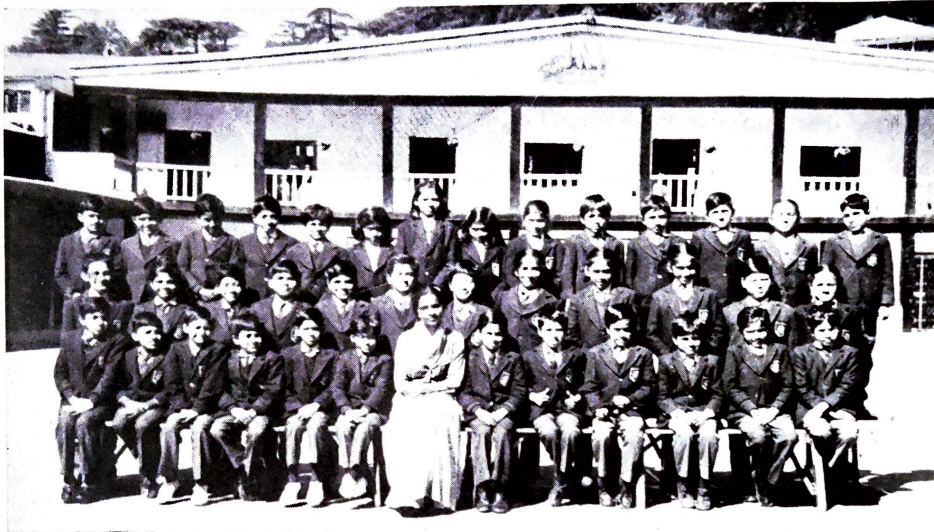
देखो हंस न देना

१. दुकानदार (ग्राहक से) : यदि आप जरा ख्याल रखें तो छतरी ज्यादा समय चलेगी ।
ग्राहक : किस बात का ख्याल रखूं ?
दुकानदार : बस इसे धूप व पानी से बचा कर रखिए ।
२. मोहन (पेट्रोल पंप वाले से) : मेरी कार में एक गैलन पेट्रोल डाल दीजिए । पेट्रोल पंप वाला : एक गैलन से क्या होगा आप इस की टंकी एक बार भरवा क्यों नहीं लेते ?
मोहन आप भी बेकार की बातें करते हैं । इस बात की गारंटी है की कार कितनी चलेगी ?
४. अध्यापक (बबलू से) : दुनिया में सब से बड़ी चीज क्या है ?
बबलू : फिल्म स्टार ।
अध्यापक : वह कैसे ?
बबलू : वह जो चाहे बन सकता है ।
५. जज कैदी से : तुम अपनी सफाई में क्या कहना चाहते हो ?
कैदी : यही की मैं रोज साबून से रगड़-रगड़ कर नहाता हूँ ।
६. अध्यापक : तुम को पढ़ते हुए साल हो गया बिल बनाना नहीं आया ?
बबलू : चूहे का बिल तो बना लेता हूँ सर आप के लिए भी बना दूंगा ।

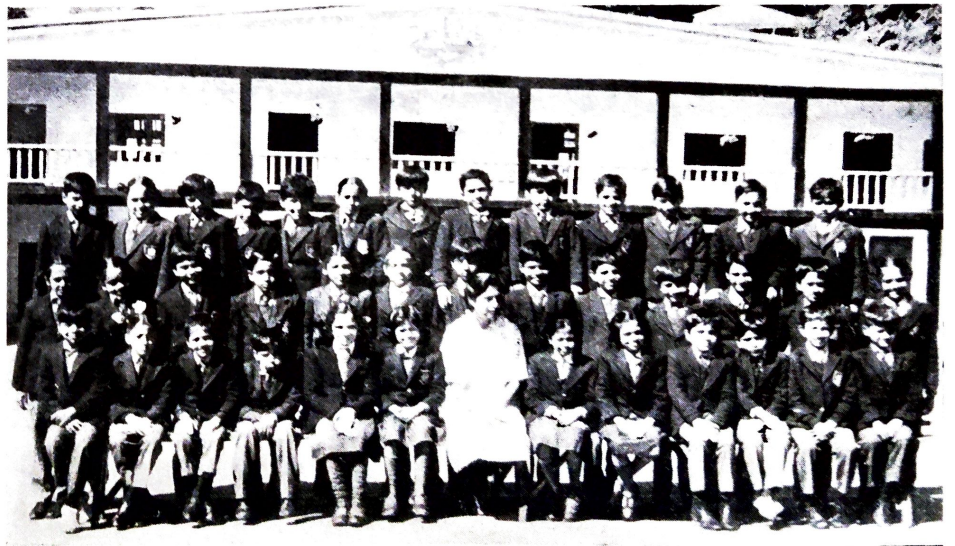
अम्बरीष बेनीवाल
कक्षा--५ अ.

पहेलियाँ

१. एक फूट लम्बे एवं गड्ढे में कितनी मिट्टी आ सकती है ?
कुछ भी नहीं ।
२. बगैर एक दिन काम किये कौन अपनी रोज की रोटी कमाता है ? रात का चौकीदार ।
३. बगैर चल-चल कर दिल्ली से बम्बई क्या जाता है ? रास्ता ।
४. कौन से महीने में २८ दिन होते हैं ? सब में ।
५. लग-लग कहीं ना लगे, विलग-विलग कहीं लग जाए ? होट ।



**Class IV A
with Miss Varsha Gaikwad**



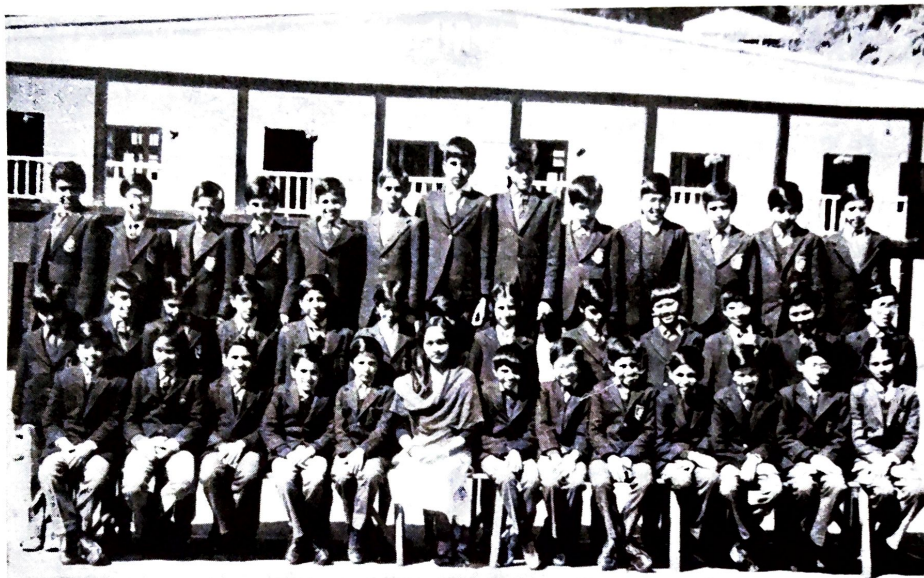
**Class IV B
with Miss Piu Mukerjee**



Class III A
with Miss Louella Edmonds
& Mrs. Ann Dilawar (Hindi Teacher)



Class III B
with Miss Rozy Joseph



Class V A
with Miss Shalini Bailey



Class V B
with Miss Tsultrim Dolma

WINNERS



Marathon

Hockey & Football



Debate



Happy Diwali



The Marathon

तोता और चिड़िया

एक बार एक जंगल में तोता और एक चिड़िया रहते थे। दोनों अलग-अलग पेड़ों पर रहते थे। तोता बहुत खराब था और चिड़िया बहुत अच्छी थी। चिड़िया के पास खाने को जो कुछ होता था वह पहले दूसरों को देती थी और तोता तो किसी को भी कुछ नहीं देता था और अपने ही खा जाता था। जब सर्दियों का समय आया तो सब अपना-अपना खाना अपने घरों में रखने लगे। चिड़िया जो लाती दूसरों को ही दे देती। एक दिन तोते ने चिड़िया से कहा, “कल को बर्फ पड़ने लगेगी और तुमने तो बहुत कम खाना इकट्ठा किया है। देखो मेरा पेड़ तो भरा है।” तभी जब उसने यह कहा तो झाँधी आई और उसका पेड़ जल गया और उसका सारा खाना भी जल गया। जब बर्फ पड़ने लगी तो सब पक्षियों ने उसे खाना दिया। और तोता भूखा मर गया।

विकास जैन
कक्षा ५ अ

हमारा सामूहिक गान

मुझ को अपने भारत की माटी से अनुपम प्यार है। इस माटी में जन्म लिया दशरथ नन्दन राम ने, इस धरती पर गीता गाई, यदुकुल भूषण श्याम ने, इस धरती के आगे मस्तक झुकता बारम्बार है।

इस माटी की गौरव गाथा गाई राजस्थान ने, इसे बनाया पावन बीरों ने, अपने बलिदान से, मीरा के गीतों की इसमें छिपी हुई भंकार है, कण-कण में भगवान है इस माटी से तिलक करो, यहाँ मेरा हिन्दुस्तान है।

इस माटी का रोम-रोम भारत का पहरदार है। मुझको अपने भारत की माटी से अनुपम प्यार है।

राजा चडडा
कक्षा ५ अ

एक बार एक मास्टर जी ने पूछा अल्ला मियाँ ने हमें पेट क्यों दिया है? एक लड़का खड़े होकर बोला पजामा बाँधने के लिए।

उदयवान दीक्षित
कक्षा ५ ब



जोक

एक बार तीन आदमियों को हिन्दी नहीं आती थी फिर वह एक गुरु के पास पहुँचे और बोले हमें हिन्दी सिखाओ। गुरु ने पहले आदमी को कहा अगर तुमसे कोई हिन्दी से बात करे तो कहना “मैंने किया” और दूसरे से कहा तुम बोलना “मजाक में किया” और तीसरे से कहा कि तुम बोलना “मैं भी चलूँगा”। एक दिन किसी के घर में चोरी हो गई।

इन्स्पेक्टर ने पूछा किसने की। पहला बोला “मैंने किया,” इन्स्पेक्टर ने पूछा क्यों किया? दूसरा बोला मजाक में किया “इन्स्पेक्टर बोला जेल ले जाऊँगा।” तीसरा बोला “मैं भी चलूँगा।”

धरमेन्द्र सेठी
कक्षा ५ ब

- कपिल देव—(गुस्से से)—“आज मैं छक्का उड़ा कर ही रहूँगा।” एम्पायर—“किसका।” कपिल देव—“सब से पहले मैं तुम्हें उड़ा दूँगा।”
- तीन गपोड़ी थे, एक अमरीका का, एक अफ्रीका का और एक भारत का। अमरीका वाला बोला—“हमारे देश में इतनी सर्दियाँ होती हैं कि पचास कोट पहने फिर भी सर्दी होती है।” भारतीय बोला, “हमारे देश में इतनी सर्दियाँ होती हैं कि भैंसों के पेट से कुलफियाँ निकलती हैं।” अफ्रीका वाला बोला—“हमारे देश में इतनी गर्मी होती है कि गंजों के सिर पर अंडा फेको तो आमलेट बन जाता है।”

शैलेन्द्र नागपास
कक्षा ५ अ

- एक बार एक लड़की खेल रही थी। वह बहुत शोर मचा रही थी। उसके पास के घर का एक आदमी लड़की से बोला शोर मत मचाओ। लड़की ने पूछा “क्यों?” आदमी ने कहा “मैं रात की झूटी पे था।” लड़की ने पूछा “क्या तुम पुलिस हो?” आदमी ने कहा “नहीं” “लड़की ने पूछा “तुम क्या हो।” आदमी ने कहा “चोर।”

कुणाल जायसवाल
कक्षा ५ अ

- राजेश—(मनोज से) तुम्हारा बड़ा भाई बहुत काला था अब धीरे-धीरे उसका रंग निखर रहा है। मनोज—पहले वह कोयले की दुकान पर बैठता था। अब पिताजी ने उसे घाटे की चक्की खुलवा दी!
- एक चोर (दूसरे से)—जेल से निकल कर क्या करोगे? दूसरा—एक टोर्च खरीदूँगा, क्योंकि पहली बार मैंने अंधेरे में बत्ती की जगह रेडियों का बटन दबा दिया था।

जादूई बांसुरी

एक बार एक पत्नी और पति रहते थे। वह लोग बहुत गरीब थे। एक बार वह आदमी हिमालय पर एक साधु के पास जाता है उस साधु को अपनी गरीबी बताता है। वह साधु उस आदमी को एक बांसुरी देता है। उस बांसुरी को बजाने से एक सोने की मोहर निकलती थी। वह अपने घर जाने की योजना बनाता है। जब वह जा रहा था तो रात हो जाती है। वह एक सेठ के यहाँ ठहर जाता है और अपनी बांसुरी की बात बताता है। सेठ रात को वह बांसुरी बदल देता है। गरीब आदमी अपने घर को चल देता है जब वह घर पहुँचता है तो बांसुरी बजाता है परन्तु मोहर नहीं निकलती। वह अपनी पत्नी को बताता है। उसकी पत्नी सब समझ जाती है वह अपने आदमी को अपनी योजना बताती है उसका आदमी राजी हो जाता है। वह उस सेठ के यहाँ फिर से नकली बांसुरी ले कर चला जाता है। फिर सेठ से कहता है कि “जो बांसुरी मैं अब लाया हूँ वह दो सिक्के देनी है सेठ फिर से बाजार में नकली बांसुरी लेने जाता है ताकि वह उस बांसुरी से बदल दे पर वह गरीब आदमी उसे जाने नहीं देता है। सेठ की पत्नी सेठ को बुलाती है और कहती है। “तुम पहले वाली बांसुरी से इस को बदल दो पहले वाली सिर्फ एक मोहर निकालती है पर दूसरी दो मोहरे निकालती है। इसमें हमें फायदा होगा।” इस प्रकार सेठ और सेठानी बेवकूफ बन जाते हैं और गरीब औरत, आदमी सुख से रहते हैं। इसी लिए कहते हैं कि लालच बुरी बला है।

आपिश गोयल कक्षा ५ अ

चु
ट
कु
ले

1. मेहमान-मुन्ना, तुम्हें स्कूल जाना कैसा लगता है ? मुन्ना-मुझे जाना भी अच्छा लगता है, और आना भी, सिर्फ इसके बीच का वक्त ही अच्छा नहीं लगता।
2. राजू-मम्मी जरा बाहर आना मेरे हाथ से सीटी गिर गयी उसे खड़ी करनी है। मम्मी-बेटे। मैं काम में हूँ, अपने पापा को ही बोलो। राजू-उन्हें मालूम है। वो ही तो छत से लटक हुए हैं।
3. “क्या तुम मुझे मूर्ख बनाने की कोशिश कर रहो हो ? बिल्कुल नहीं-मैं भला तुम्हें बदलने की कोशिश करूँ।
4. रेणू स्कूल से आई और नाराजी से मम्मी से कहती है—क्या ही अच्छा होता, अगर मैं बहुत वर्षों पहले पैदा होती ? क्यों ?

इतना सारा इतिहास तो नहीं पढ़ना पड़ता।

द्वारा :—हेमन्त जोशी

कक्षा ४ ब



“मैं”

मैं विवेक तिवारी कक्षा पाँच का छात्र हूँ
घर वाले परेशान मुझे स्कूल का भी नटखट एक मात्र हूँ
वंसे ही कौन नहीं जानेगा मुझे इसी स्कूल में प्रथम
प्राप्त दीपक का आत्र हूँ। किसी तरह ही सही है ना ?
मैं सम्मान का ही पात्र हूँ; जेंटल मास्टर कहलो,
या जेंटल मैं हूँ।

पढ़ना लिखना मुझको भाता कम है !

मैं क्रिकेट का बड़ा फैन हूँ

गावस्कर ही मेरा हीरो है
मैं समझूँ क्रिकेट को उसीकी देन हूँ
और सुनलो, पढ़ने में भी ठीक-ठीक हूँ
इतना बुरा नहीं सिर्फ नम्बर टैन हूँ
पर्दे पर टी० बी में उड़ते हैं जब छक्के चौक्के
मैं समझता हूँ मेदान में मैं ही उतर जाता हूँ
मेरे रग-रग में नया जोश उमड़ आता है
कलास छूट जाये कोई बात नहीं
मैं छूट जाये पछताता हूँ।

जो भी सजा देनी है दे लो मुझको
सच कहने में मैं नहीं कतराता हूँ
अब तो तारीफ के शब्द कह दो मित्रों
अब भी बदनाम ना करो यही घबराता हूँ

विवेक तिवारी
कक्षा ५ अ

चुटकुले

1. एक बार एक नोकर अपने पालिक के बेटे से पूछता है कि पालिक कहाँ है। बेटा—वह तो तुम्हारी तम्बाहू देने के लिए सामने वाले घर वतन मांजने गये हैं।

राहिल करनवाल
कक्षा ५ अ